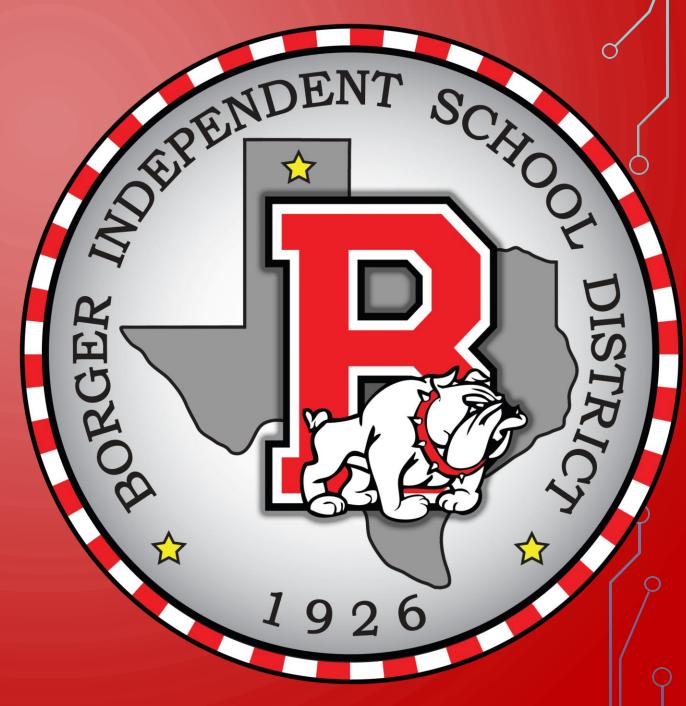
BOARD NOTES

14 FEBRUARY 2019



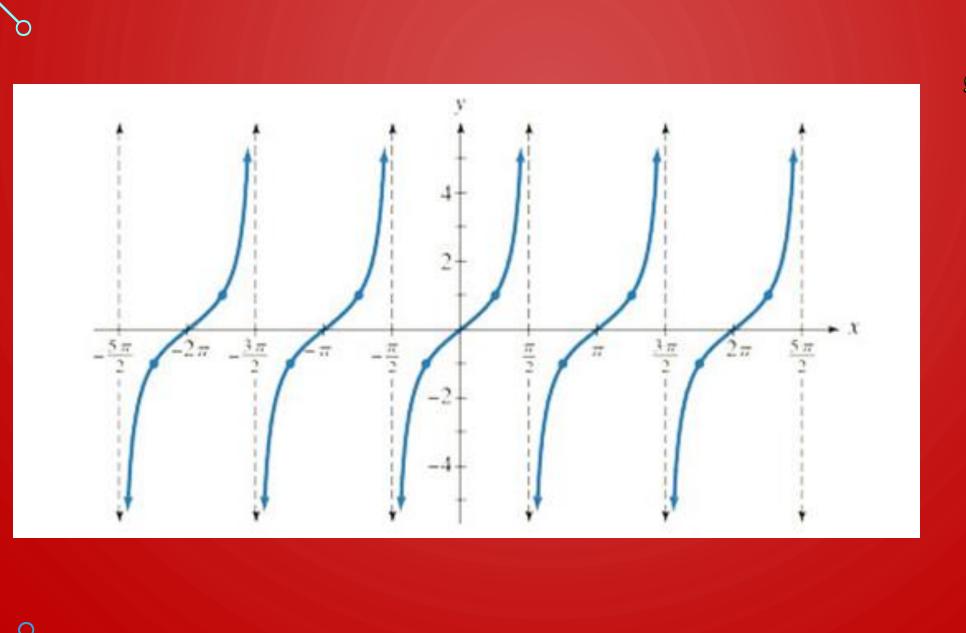
CC TRIGONOMETRY CHAPTER 2 – GRAPHS OF THE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS; INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS



SECTION 2.2 - Graphs of Other Trigonometric Functions

Objectives:

- Understand the graph of $y = \tan x$
- Graph variations of $y = \tan x$.
- Understand the graph of $y = \cot x$.
- Graph variations of $y = \cot x$.
- Understand the graph of $y = \sec x \& y = \csc x$.
- Graph variations of $y = \sec x \& y = \csc x$.



Q





The Graph of $y = \tan x$

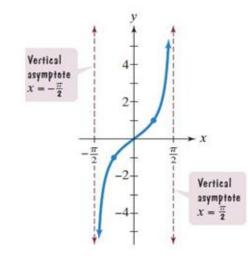
| × | 0 | $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | $\frac{5\pi}{12}(75^\circ)$ | $\frac{17\pi}{36}$ (85°) | $\frac{89\pi}{180} (89^\circ)$ | 1.57 | $\frac{\pi}{2}$ |
|-----------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| y = tan x | 0 | $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \approx 0.6$ | 1 | $\sqrt{3} \approx 1.7$ | 3.7 | 11.4 | 57.3 | 1255.8 | undefined |

As x increases from 0 toward $\frac{\pi}{2}$, y increases slowly at first, then more and more rapidly.

Period: π

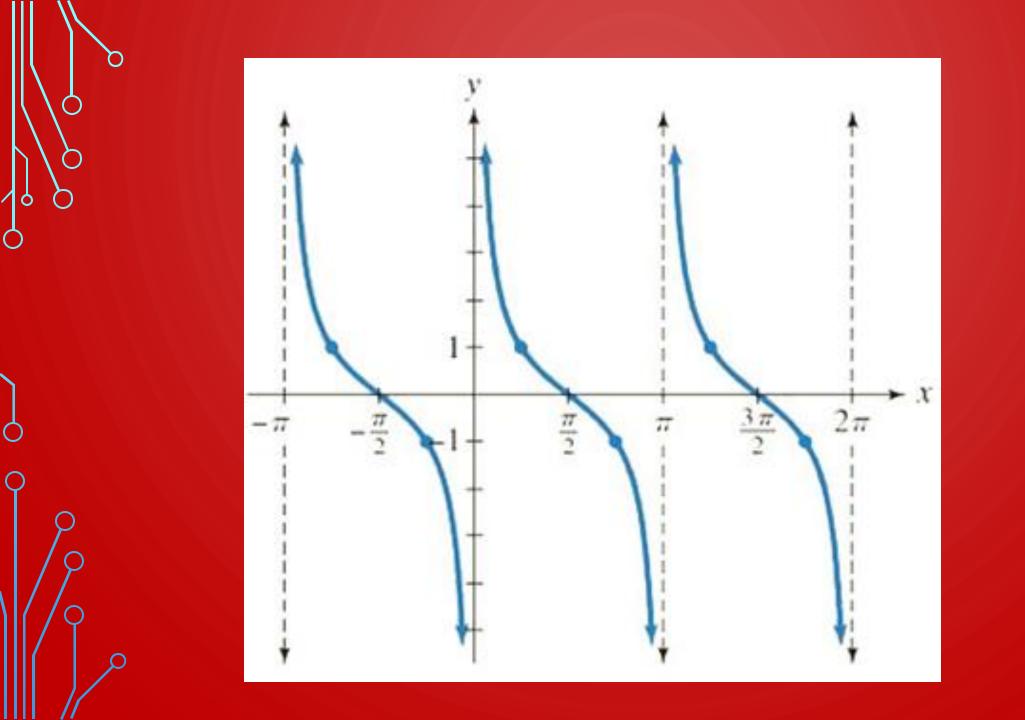
The tangent function is an odd function. tan(-x) = -tan x

The tangent function is undefined at odd multiples of $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.



Characteristics

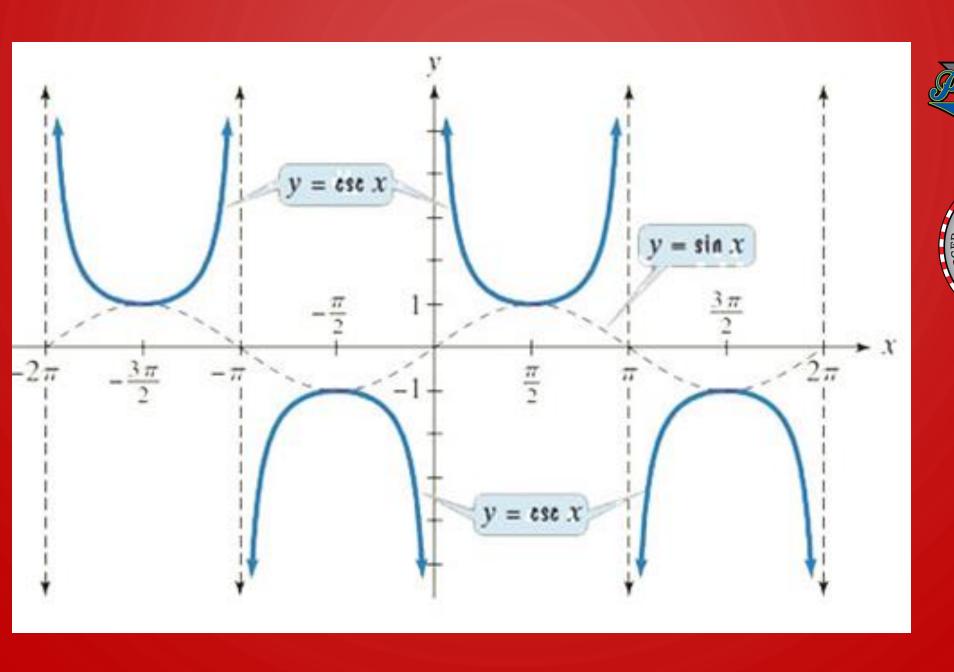
- Period: π
- **Domain:** All real numbers except odd multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- Range: All real numbers
- Vertical asymptotes at odd multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- An x-intercept occurs midway between each pair of consecutive asymptotes
- Odd function with origin symmetry
- Points on the graph $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of the way between consecutive asymptotes have *y*-coordinates of -1 and 1, respectively.







- Period: π
- **Domain:** All real numbers except integral multiples of π
 - Range: all real numbers
- Vertical asymptotes at integral multiples of π
- An x-intercept occurs midway between each pair of consecutive asymptotes
- Odd function with origin symmetry
- Points on the graph ¹/₄ and ³/₄
 of the way between consecutive asymptotes have *y*-coordinates of 1 and -1, respectively.







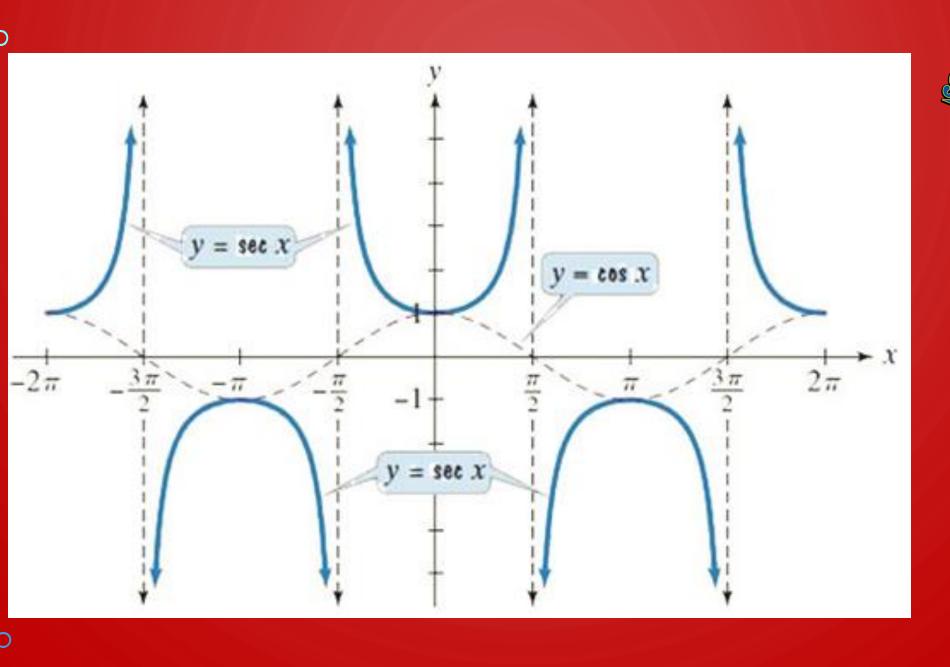
Period: 2π

Domain: All real numbers except integral multiples of π

Range: All real numbers y such that $y \le -1$ or $y \ge 1: (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$

Vertical asymptotes at integral multiples of π

Odd functions, csc(-x) = -csc x, with origin symmetry







- Period: 2π
- **Domain:** All real numbers except odd multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- Range: All real numbers y such that $y \le -1$ or $y \ge 1: (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$
- Vertical asymptotes at odd multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- Even functions, sec(-x) = sec x, with y-axis symmetry





CSCX

T: 211

D: X7 KT R: (-00,-1]U[1,00)

000

3cot 2x

D: X + K = R

丁: 亞

15 2+ Asy: = , TT







$$CSC(x+\frac{\pi}{4})$$

T: 21

D: X\ \frac{3\pi}{4} + k\pi
\(R: (-\infty, -1] \cup \(\text{L}_{1}, \infty) \)

15 2 Asy: 3 7 7 4

sec(x) $T = 2\pi$ EVEN

D: X = = + + =

R: (-00,-]U[1,00)

-3 sec 2 + 1