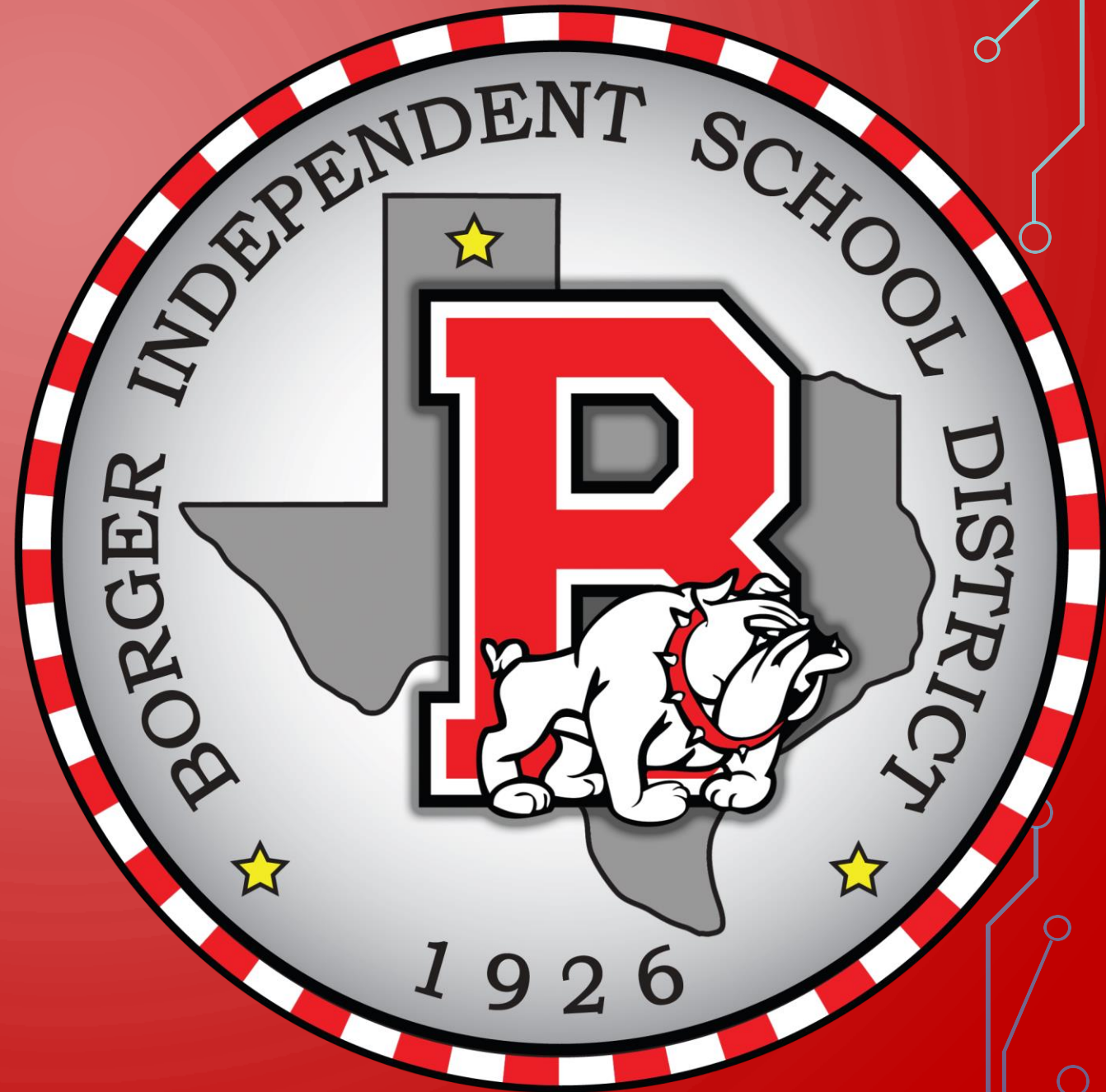


# BOARD NOTES

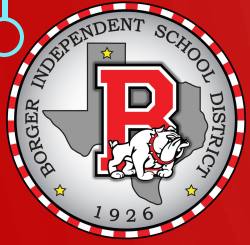
2 MARCH 2020





2A.7 (A) add, subtract, and multiply complex numbers;

We will be able to add and subtract complex numbers.



WHAT WE NEED:

- TI-84
- Definition of imaginary

I WILL BE ABLE TO COMPLETE MY HOMEWORK GIVEN THE

- Equation

# Complex Numbers and Imaginary Numbers

The **imaginary unit**  $i$  is defined as

$$i = \sqrt{-1}, \text{ where } i^2 = -1.$$

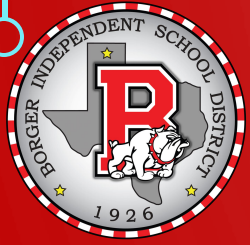
The set of all numbers in the form

$$a + bi,$$

with real numbers  $a$  and  $b$ , and  $i$ , the imaginary unit, is called the set of **complex numbers**.

The **standard form** of a complex number is

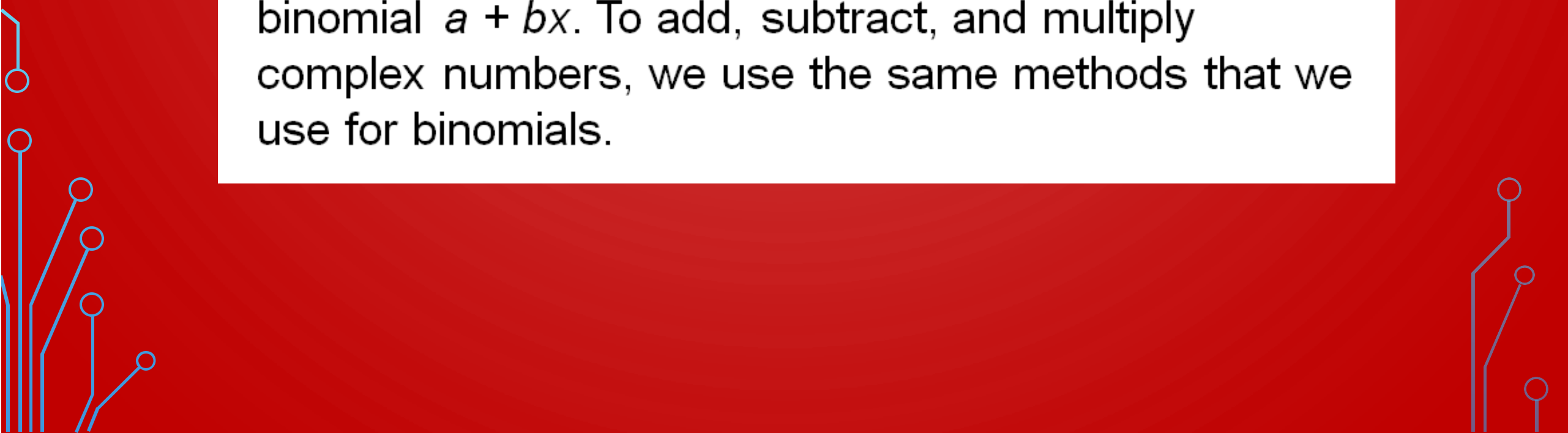
$$a + bi.$$





# Operations on Complex Numbers

The form of a complex number  $a + bi$  is like the binomial  $a + bx$ . To add, subtract, and multiply complex numbers, we use the same methods that we use for binomials.





$$X = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

QUADRATIC FORMULA

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$\sqrt{-1} = i$$

$a + bi$   
↑            ↑  
REAL        IMAGINARY  
COMPLEX ( $\mathbb{C}$ )





$$(6+3i) + (2+8i)$$

$$(6+2) + (3+8)i$$

$$\boxed{8 + 11i}$$

$$(7+3i) + (3-3i) = 10-0i$$

$$(7+3) + (3-3)i \quad \text{OR} \quad 10$$

$$(4-2i\sqrt{3}) + (1-3i\sqrt{3}) = 5-5i\sqrt{3}$$

$$(5+2i) - (2+2i) = 3+0i$$

OR  
3

$$(5-2) + (2-2)i$$

$$(\downarrow 7 - \downarrow 3i) - (\downarrow 3 - \downarrow 3i) = 4+0i$$

OR  
4

$$(7-3) + (-3-(-3))i$$

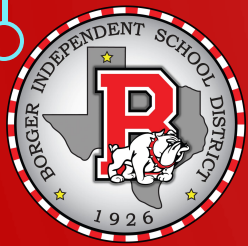


$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{-18} - \sqrt{-8} \\&= \sqrt{(-1)18} - \sqrt{(-1)8} \\&= i\sqrt{18} - i\sqrt{8} \\&= i\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} - i\sqrt{4 \cdot 2} \\&= 3i\sqrt{2} - 2i\sqrt{2} \\&= i\sqrt{2}\end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{2}i$  DON'T DO THIS

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{-27} - \sqrt{-48} \\&= 3i\sqrt{3} - 4i\sqrt{3} \\&= -i\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$





$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-25 + \sqrt{-50}}{15} \\ &= \frac{-25 + i\sqrt{25 \cdot 2}}{15} \\ &= \frac{-25 + 5i\sqrt{2}}{15} \\ &= \frac{-5 + i\sqrt{2}}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-14 + \sqrt{-12}}{2} = -7 + i\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R1 & \quad i \\ R2 & \quad i^2 = -1 \\ R3 & \quad i^3 = -i \\ R0 & \quad i^4 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$i^{521} = i \qquad i^{2048} = 1$$

$$4\sqrt[130.25]{521} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad 4\sqrt[512]{2048}$$

$$2x + 3yi = 6 + 2i \rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2x &= 6 \\ 3y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x+2y) + (2x-y) = 5+5i$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & -1 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$